## Investor Presentation December 2017

HomePlus

## Forward Looking Statements \& Other Disclosure Matters

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Non-GAAP Measures - To supplement financial measures that are prepared and presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), we may also provide adjusted non-GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures are not meant to be considered as a substitute for comparable GAAP measures but should be considered in addition to results presented in accordance with GAAP, and are intended to provide additional insight into our operations and the factors and trends affecting the business. Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to financial statement readers because (1) they allow for additional transparency with respect to key metrics we use in our financial and operational decision making and (2) they are used by some of our institutional investors and the analyst community to help them analyze our operating results.

## Conn's, Inc. Overview

## Conn's is a specialty retailer of durable consumer goods and provider of financing solutions to credit-constrained consumers

- Headquartered in The Woodlands, TX
- Conn's has corporate ratings of B1/B (Moody's/S\&P)
- Approximately 4,300 employees and operates 116 retail locations in Texas, Alabama, Arizona, Colorado, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia
- Conn's core customer demographic represents under-served consumers that typically have credit scores between 550 and 650 and who usually have limited financing options
- These customers typically earn $\$ 25,000-\$ 60,000$ in annual income, live in densely populated and mature neighborhoods, and usually shop to replace older household goods with newer items
- Conn's operates through two segments, retail and credit, and provides the opportunity to purchase high quality premium brand products across four primary categories: furniture and mattresses, appliances, electronics, and home office goods
- Strategy is to drive repeat business at the retail level through unique retail and credit offering
- Conn's product selection is focused on higher priced, large ticket items (e.g. bedroom sets, mattresses, refrigerators, and televisions) which generate higher margins and typically require some form of customer financing
- Conn's financed approximately $72 \%$ of customer transactions through its in-house financing program during Q3 YTD FY18


| Historical Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ in millions |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$1,485 | \$1,613 | \$1,597 |  |  |
| \$1,194 |  | \$289 | \$281 |  | \$1,096 |
|  | \$262 |  |  | \$204 | \$238 |
| \$201 |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$993 | \$1,224 | \$1,324 | \$1,316 | \$960 | \$858 |
| FY14 | FY15 | FY16 etail | FY17 Credit | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 YTD } \\ \text { FY17 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 YTD } \\ \text { FY18 } \end{gathered}$ |


| Balance Sheet |  |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | As of October $\mathbf{3 1 , 2 0 1 7}$ |
| R in millions | $\$ 1,252.4$ |
| Receivable, net | $\$ 1,874.4$ |
| Total Assets | $\$ 1,038.9$ |
|  | $\$ 1,345.0$ |
| Total Debt | $\$ 529.4$ |
| Total Liabilities |  |

## Retail Overview

## Retail Segment

- Conn's operates 116 retail stores across 14 states with 10 new stores opened in FY17 and 3 new stores opened in FY18 leveraging existing infrastructure, advertising and distribution centers
- The stores are located in areas densely populated by Conn's core customer demographic and range in size from 30,00050,000 square feet; stores deliver annual sales of $\$ 11.3$ million on average per location ${ }^{(1)}$
- Conn's offers a high level of customer service through a trained and motivated commission-based sales force as well as quick delivery and installation, and product repair or replacement services


High Quality Brands

${ }^{(1)}$ For locations open 12 months as of October 31, 2017

Retail Product Mix Q3 YTD FY18


## Credit Program Overview

- Offering in-house credit for over 50 years
- Provides solid foundation for underwriting decisions
- Proven through multiple business cycles and a deep recession
- Credit decisioning and collection operations are independent of retail operations

- Simple, secured installment contracts
- Consumer receivables secured by long-lived products that customers consider integral to their everyday lives

Total Retail Sales ${ }^{(1)}$ Financed

(1) Conn's credit sales includes Product Sales and Repair Service Agreement ("RSA") commissions, excludes Service Revenues and FC\&O related to retail segment
(2) In addition to cash sales, Conn's receives timely cash payments for credit card, third-party financing and lease-to-own business

## Providing Credit for a Wide Range of Consumers



Note: Credit scores exclude non-scored accounts
(1) Progressive Leasing is our current lease-to-own partner

## Core Customer Base



## Lifestyle of a Conn's Target Customer

- The best of life is in the home
- Entertainment outside of the home is often cost prohibitive
- Average American watches 35 hours of television per week
- Difficult to acquire quality products to improve life in the home


## Core customer market makes up approximately $1 / 5$ of the US population

(1) Conn's credit score distribution based on credit score of originations for three months ended October 31, 2017
(2) National credit score distribution as of April 2017 (Source is FICO)

## Conn's Strong Value Proposition

- Premium shopping experience
- Competitively priced assortment of high-quality, aspirational products
- EDLC - "Every Day Low Cost" for our customer
- Low-cost, low-risk source of financing for our core customer
- Next-day delivery and after sale repair service


## TOP BRAND NAMES

We carry the top name brands you know and trust, plus the newest styles and the latest technology.

You Deserve It.


## LOW PRICE GUARANTEE

If you find the same item advertised in the weekly print ad at an established retailer (exduding Internet-only competitors) with in 30 days of your purchase, well match it. No questions, no hassles. It's that easy.

You Deserve It.


## YES MONEY ${ }^{\circledR}$ <br> FINANCING

Whether you've got bad credit, no credit, even if you've been turned down other places, we say ${ }^{\text {HVESNI }}$ That's because we finance you with our own YES MONEY!

You Deserve It.



## Comparison of Value Proposition

## Example of \$2,000 Purchase in Texas



## Other Potential Sources of Financing

- Short-term payday lending
- Subprime credit card - limited availability, low balance, high fees
- Using Conn's in-house credit preserves access to emergency funding
- My Best Buy Visa purchase variable APR is up to 28.99\%; Amazon.com Store card standard variable purchase APR is $26.99 \%{ }^{\text {(5) }}$
(1) Assumes 36 -month term and no down payment
(2) Assumes 34-month term and $\$ 153$ initial payment
(3) Assumes 24-month term and $\$ 249$ initial payment
(4) Assumes 5-month term and no down payment; includes interest and CSO fees; without auto payment
(5) Source www.bestbuy.com and www.amazon.com


## Evolution of Conn's Business

|  | 2011-2014 | Late 2015 - Current |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Management Team | - Retail focused leadership team | - Integrated new leadership team members including CEO, CFO, COO-Retail, CCO, GC, CAO, CHRO, and others |
| Core Customer | - Began to focus on lower-income customer | - Continue focus on core customers with improved underwriting sophistication |
| Merchandise Offering | - Increased furniture \& mattress offerings <br> - Exited most products less than $\$ 300$ | - Continue focus on quality, branded products to improve operating performance <br> - Invested additional capital to expand existing stores to accommodate these offerings |
| Retail Pricing Strategy | - Competitive pricing - promotional but not everyday low pricing | - Maintain competitive pricing |
| Credit Underwriting | - Implemented new underwriting model developed with assistance from FICO in 2013 | - Implement new and upgraded underwriting models <br> - Continue to review and enhance underwriting standards to improve overall credit results |
| Servicing \& Collections | - Charge off accounts when over 209 days due <br> - Limit re-aging (no accounts can be re-aged more than a total of 12 months over life) | - Enhanced leadership talent <br> - Enhanced back-up servicing arrangement |
| Yield | - WA APR ranging low 20s - mid 20s <br> - Increased use of no-interest programs to drive sales | - Implementing loan program changes to increase portfolio yields across most states <br> - Reducing use of no-interest programs |
| Store Base | - Extensive remodeling program - nearly all stores in new format at end of FY16 <br> - Closed 24 stores since FY12 | - Opened ten new stores in FY17 <br> - For FY18, Conn's has opened three new locations with no additional locations planned for FY18 |

## FY18 - Strategic Priorities

## Retail Segment Strategic Priorities

## Start Improving Same Store Sales Performance; Continue to Increase Retail Margins

- Optimize mix of quality, branded products and reduce warehouse, delivery and transportation costs
- Maximize significant opportunity with new lease-to-own partner, Progressive Leasing
- Open three new stores in FY2018, all of which were successfully opened during the first half of FY2018
- Maintain focus on cost control of SG\&A


## Credit Segment Strategic Priorities

## Continue to Improve All Three Critical Drivers of the Credit Business

- Yield - Louisiana direct loan product implemented in March, with roll-out in Tennessee and Oklahoma completed in Q3 FY18; 90\% of current originations are at higher weighted average interest rate
- Losses - continue to refine and enhance our underwriting model and focus on collection performance to reduce delinquency and charge-offs
- Cost of Funds - reduce cost of funds on ABS program through successful execution and performance


## Third Quarter FY18 - Highlights

Financial Performance

Retail
Segment

Credit
Segment

Capital Structure

## Second consecutive quarter of profitability, despite unprecedented impact of Hurricane Harvey

- Net income increased $\$ 5.4$ million versus prior year to $\$ 1.6$ million
- Adjusted non-GAAP EPS of \$0.18 compared to (\$0.08) for Q3 FY17
- SG\&A expense flat to last year; even with higher occupancy costs from new stores and $\$ 1.6$ million expense attributable to Hurricane Harvey


## Record third quarter retail gross margin

- 230 bps year-over-year increase in retail gross margin to a record third quarter margin of 39.8\%
- Lease-to-own successful transition reflects steady improvement, with lease-to-own at $5.7 \%$ of sales
- SG\&A expense increase of $\$ 0.9$ million was primarily attributable to additional costs from Hurricane Harvey


## Credit transformation gains momentum as we deliver our credit strategy

- Record yield of $19.8 \%$, resulted in credit spread of 460 bps ; highest spread in eleven quarters
- 60+ delinquency rate declined 110 bps from prior year same period, reflecting first decline in four years
- $\$ 12.9$ million year-over-year increase in finance charges and other income


## Interest expense continues to decline

- Interest expense in Q3 FY18 decreased $\$ 5.4$ million or $22.9 \%$ from last year
- As a percent of revenues, interest expense was $4.8 \%$ Q3 this year versus $6.2 \%$ in Q3 of last year
- Completed early redemption of 2016-A notes on August 15, 2017


## Retail Review

## Differentiated Retail Strategy

## Conn's unique business model provides it with critical competitive advantages

- Approximately $70 \%$ of product sales are derived from larger durable home goods (furniture, mattresses and appliances)
- Customers typically like to view and touch in person
- Next day delivery and in-house aftermarket repair service
- Focus on core subprime customer
- Allow customers to make aspirational home product purchases
- Affordable payment options via Conn's in-house credit or other third party financing solutions


## Q3 FY18 - Retail Segment Overview

- Q3 FY18 total sales declined -5.3\% and same store sales were down -7.0\% impacted by general consumer softness and Hurricane Harvey
- Retail margin in Q3 FY18 was $39.8 \%$, improving 230 bps from prior year Q3 rate of 37.5\%
- Margin expansion continues to be driven by improved product margins across all product categories, favorable product mix and continued focus on increasing efficiencies
- Retail SG\&A was (\$0.9) million unfavorable to prior year, attributable to $\$ 1.2$ million of expenses related to Hurricane Harvey (total company impact from Harvey was $\$ 1.6$ million) and from additional stores


## Retail performance and margin remain strong and we achieved record third quarter retail gross margin

## Lease-to-Own Penetration

## Q4 FY17 Lease-to-Own

 rate was $9.3 \%$LTO \% Penetration Trend



## Retail Margin

## Record Third Quarter Retail Margin



## Product Sales and Margin Mix

|  | Same Store <br> Sales <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Furniture and Mattress | Total Sales |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Home Appliance | $-6.1 \%$ | $\underline{\text { Q3 }}$ |
| Consumer Electronics | $-3.3 \%$ | $-1.8 \%$ |
| Home Office | $-10.7 \%$ | $-2.3 \%$ |
| Other ${ }^{(2)}$ | $-8.1 \%$ | $-11.6 \%$ |
| Product sales | $-11.1 \%$ | $-10.8 \%$ |
| Repair Service Agreement commissions | $-6.6 \%$ | $-10.3 \%$ |
| Service | $-10.1 \%$ | $-5.1 \%$ |
| Total net sales |  | $-7.1 \%$ |


| Q3 Product Mix |  | Q3 Gross Profit Mix |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY18 | $\underline{\text { FY17 }}$ | FY18 | FY17 |
| $36.8 \%$ | $35.6 \%$ | $52.3 \%$ | $50.6 \%$ |
| $31.8 \%$ | $30.8 \%$ | $24.4 \%$ | $24.8 \%$ |
| $22.0 \%$ | $23.6 \%$ | $18.7 \%$ | $19.5 \%$ |
| $7.7 \%$ | $8.2 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ |
| $1.7 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0} \%$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

(1) Same store sales include stores operating in both comparative full periods
(2) Other category includes delivery, installation and outdoor product revenues

## Cost of Goods and SG\&A - Retail Segment

| Q3 FY18 | Q3 FY17 | FY17 | FY16 | FY15 | FY14 | FY13 | FY12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Percent of Total Retail Net Sales:
Cost of Goods Sold
60.2\%
62.5\%
62.6\% 63.0\%
63.6\%
63.5\% 67.7\%
73.6\%

Percent of Total Retail Revenue:

| Advertising | 7.4\% | 7.3\% | 7.1\% | 6.8\% | 6.9\% | 5.1\% | 4.8\% | 4.5\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compensation and benefits | 10.1\% | 9.8\% | 9.6\% | 10.1\% | 10.4\% | 11.2\% | 12.4\% | 11.9\% |
| Occupancy | 8.6\% | 7.9\% | 7.3\% | 6.2\% | 5.6\% | 5.4\% | 6.2\% | 7.1\% |
| All Other | 1.7\% | 1.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 1.1\% | 1.0\% | 1.1\% |
| Total SG\&A | 27.6\% | 25.9\% | 24.8\% | 23.7\% | 23.5\% | 22.8\% | 24.4\% | 24.6\% |

Retail segment SG\&A was $\$ 0.9$ million above prior year in the third quarter, primarily due to Hurricane Harvey related additional expense of $\$ 1.2$ million (total company impact from Harvey was $\$ 1.6$ million)

## Retail Revenue and Operating Margin



Retail operating margin rate is flat to prior year on lower revenues

## Credit Review

## Q3 FY18 - Credit Segment Overview

- In Q3 FY18, the credit segment results benefitted from higher finance charges, improved credit quality of portfolio resulting in lower delinquencies, strong cost controls and lower borrowing costs
- Average APR on total originations in October was 27.9\%, up from 21.4\% in July last year; successfully launched new direct loan programs in Tennessee and Oklahoma
- 60 Day+ rate declined 110 bps versus prior year period; first year over year decline in four years
- Interest income and fee yield of $19.8 \%$ in Q3 FY18 increased 480 bps from prior year
- Provision for bad debt in Q3 FY18 includes $\$ 1.1$ million increase related to Hurricane Harvey and increased $\$ 5.0$ million from prior year
- Interest expense in Q3 FY18 decreased $\$ 5.4$ million or $22.9 \%$ from prior year


## These continuing positive trends demonstrate the significant long-term potential of our credit strategy

## Credit Business - Future Goal

## Q3 FY18 spread increased to 460 bps (highest in 11 quarters)



## Interest Income \& Fee Yield

> Record yield achieved in Q3 FY18 Fifth consecutive quarter of incremental yield improvement


## Interest Rate

## (weighted average per origination month)

## Successfully launched direct loan program in two additional states



## Underwriting Summary

## - Decisions are not made at store level

- Underwriting and risk assessment processes are centralized at the Company's Beaumont, TX office
- Credit (including underwriting and collections) team is independent from the sales staff
- Customers physically come into a store to validate identification and close the purchase and loan transaction


## - Proprietary scoring models

- Decisions based on credit bureau and application data as well as past experience with the customer to determine a customer's ability to repay loans
- Scoring models determine credit decision, limit and down payment required with no exceptions, other than changes in application data which are verified by underwriting
- Early pay default model
- Core origination model
- Product risk model
- Amount financed and product category determine contract term assigned


## Underwriting Initiatives

\left.| Mar FY17 |  | Jul FY17 | Aug FY17 |  | Sep FY17 |  | Oct FY17 | Nov FY17 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$\right]$ Jan FY17

> Hired veteran subprime credit risk manager as Chief Credit Officer in June FY17
ncreased maximum term to help educe To-Income Ratio
Increased interest rates in AZ, NM, NV,

Adjusted approval criteria for higher risk
new
low risk long-term customers

Implemented additional requirements peat based on prior loan performance application process based on online or retai source (channel)

Made changes to new market cutoffs based performance

Launched 18 month COP offer to top Con's cred

- Implemented more restrictive specific early pay default rules

Credit limit and down payment adjustments
new fraud model preas DP high risk segments to 20\%

## Percentage of Originations - by Time on Books ${ }^{(1)}$

## \% of existing customers in the portfolio continues to increase


40.0\%
35.0\%


## First Pay Default Trends

First pay defaults have improved each month since July FY17, when the more significant underwriting changes were implemented, except when Hurricane Harvey impacted August FY18


## 60 Day+ versus Prior Year

60 Day+ rate declined 110 bps versus prior year period First year over year decline in four years

60 Day + Delinquency Rate<br>—FY17 ——FY18



## Change in Re-age Balance

## September FY18 re-age increased significantly due to Hurricane Harvey

Q3 FY18 included $\$ 71.8$ million in first-time re-ages related to customers within FEMA designated disaster areas
$\$$ in millions
$\$ 100.0$


Monthly Re-ages

## Re-age \% Trend

Re-age \% of Portfolio Balance


## Static Pool Charge-Offs (FY14 Q3 - FY18 Q3)

## New customer loss rates are $2 x$ the loss rate of existing customers

$\longrightarrow 0-5$ Months $=$ New $\longrightarrow 5$ Months $=$ Existing


## Static Pool - Balances Remaining

| Balance Remaining |  | Expected Static Pool Loss Rate |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Period | As of 10/31/17 | Comparable PY | Estimated Range |
| FY 2017 | $40.4 \%$ | $36.5 \%$ | Upper $13 \%$ |
| FY 2016 | $9.0 \%$ | $8.5 \%$ | Mid $14 \%$ |
| FY 2015 | $0.9 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ | Upper $14 \%$ |
| FY 2014 | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | Approximately $14 \%$ |

The periods reflect the year of loan origination

## Vintage 60+ Delinquency

## (FY16 vs subsequent quarterly vintages)

60+ Vintage performance is favorable for all quarters starting in Q3 FY17 when the new risk model was fully implemented


## Monthly Customer Recoveries

Monthly customer recoveries exceeded \$1 million in October; highest level since ceasing sale of charged-off accounts

Monthly Customer Recoveries (\$)



## ABS Cost of Funds Improvement

|  | 2015-A |  |  | 2016-A |  |  | 2016-B |  |  | 2017-A |  |  | 2017-B |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Collateral Amount (\$mm) | \$1,442.6 |  |  | \$705.1 |  |  | \$699.7 |  |  | \$559.3 |  |  | \$669.3 |  |  |
| Bond Structure | \$ (mm) | Rating <br> (F) | WAL | \$ (mm) | Rating <br> (F) | WAL | \$ (mm) | Rating (F) | WAL | \$ (mm) | Rating ( $\mathrm{F} / \mathrm{K}$ ) | WAL | \$ (mm) | Rating $(F / K)$ | WAL |
| Class A | \$952.1 | NR | 0.51 | \$423.0 | BBB | 0.46 | \$391.8 | BBB | 0.45 | \$313.2 | BBB/BBB | 0.36 | \$361.4 | BBB/BBB- | 0.42 |
| Class B | \$165.9 | NR | 1.57 | \$70.5 | BB | 1.23 | \$112.0 | BB | 1.32 | \$106.3 | BB/BB- | 1.20 | \$132.2 | BB/ BB- | 1.22 |
| Class C | -- | -- | -- | \$70.5 | B | 1.74 | \$49.0 | B | 1.85 | \$50.3 | B/B- | $\underline{1.79}$ | \$78.6 | B-/ B- | 1.89 |
| Total Class A \& B | \$1,118.0 | 77.5\% | 0.67 | \$493.5 | 70.0\% | 0.57 | \$503.8 | 72.0\% | 0.64 | \$419.5 | 75.0\% | 0.57 | \$493.6 | 73.8\% | 0.63 |
| Total Class A, B \& C |  |  |  | \$564.0 | 80.0\% | 0.72 | \$552.8 | 79.0\% | 0.75 | \$469.8 | 84.0\% | 0.70 | \$572.2 | 85.5\% | 0.81 |
| Overcollateralization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initial |  | 22.50\% |  |  | 20.00\% |  |  | 21.00\% |  |  | 16.00\% |  |  | 14.50\% |  |
| Target (\%curr) |  | 25.00\% |  |  | 46.00\% |  |  | 40.00\% |  |  | 35.00\% |  |  | 35.00\% |  |
| Floor (\%init) |  | 2.00\% |  |  | 5.00\% |  |  | 5.00\% |  |  | 5.00\% |  |  | 5.00\% |  |
| Reserve Account |  | 1.00\% |  |  | 1.50\% |  |  | 1.50\% |  |  | 1.50\% |  |  | 1.50\% |  |
| Base Case Loss Assumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fitch |  | -- |  |  | 23.25\% |  |  | 24.75\% |  |  | 24.25\% |  |  | 25.25\% |  |
| Kroll |  | -- |  |  | -- |  |  | -- |  |  | 23.31\% |  |  | 23.65\% |  |
| Performance Triggers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cum. Net Loss Trigger |  | -- |  |  | Yes |  |  | Yes |  |  | Yes |  |  | Yes |  |
| 3 mo. Avg Annualized Net Loss Trigger |  | -- |  |  | Yes |  |  | Yes |  |  | Yes |  |  | Yes |  |
| Rolling 3 mo . Recov. Trigger |  | -- |  |  | -- |  |  | Yes |  |  | Yes |  |  | Yes |  |
| Net Proceeds: Class A \& B (\% collat) |  | 74.76\% |  |  | 67.83\% |  |  | 69.81\% |  |  | 74.40\% |  |  | 71.56\% |  |
| Net Proceeds: Class A, B \& C (\% collat) |  | -- |  |  | 78.10\% |  |  | -- |  |  | 83.32\% |  |  | 83.20\% |  |
| Pricing |  | Yield | Coupon | Spread | Yield | Coupon | Spread | Yield | Coupon | Spread | Yield | Coupon | Spread | Yield | Coupon |
| Class A |  | 4.57\% | 4.57\% | +400 | 4.73\% | 4.68\% | +290 | 3.77\% | 3.73\% | +155 | 2.75\% | 2.73\% | +105 | 2.76\% | 2.73\% |
| Class B |  | 8.50\% | 8.50\% | +825 | 9.14\% | 8.96\% | +650 | 7.46\% | 7.34\% | +375 | 5.17\% | 5.11\% | +265 | 4.57\% | 4.52\% |
| Class C |  | -- | -- | -- | 9.88\% | 12.00\% | -- | -- | - | +600 | 7.54\% | 7.54\% | +400 | 6.03\% | 5.95\% |
| Total Class A \& B |  | 5.94\% | 5.94\% | +531 | 6.09\% | 6.00\% | +454 | 5.45\% | 5.38\% | +272 | 4.03\% | 3.99\% | +187 | 3.69\% | 3.65\% |
| Total Class A, B \& C |  | -- | -- |  | 7.24\% | 7.82\% | -- | -- | -- | +361 | 4.99\% | 4.96\% | +256 | 4.44\% | 4.39\% |
| Class A \& B Costs amortized over WAL |  | 3.21\% |  |  | 1.69\% |  |  | 1.44\% |  |  | 1.33\% |  |  | 1.27\% |  |
| Class A \& B All-in Cost of Funds |  | 9.15\% |  |  | 7.78\% |  |  | 6.89\% |  |  | $5.36 \%$ | - | - | $4.96 \%$ | - - |
| Class A, B \& C Costs amortized over WAL IClass A, B \& C All-in Cost of Funds |  | -- |  |  | 1.34\% |  |  | - |  |  |  | 74 impro | nent | $\frac{0.99 \%}{5.43 \%}$ |  |

## Pro Forma Impact of Lower ABS Interest Expense

## Total LTM ABS Interest Expense as of Q3 FY18 Actual vs Pro Forma



The decrease of our cost of funds in our 2017-B ABS transaction is expected to lower our future interest expense costs

## Financial Review

## Historical Financial Summary - As Reported



## Available Liquidity



We continue to closely manage liquidity and have made significant enhancements to our liquidity profile

- FY18 reduced store opening plan resulting in lower capex
- Closed an amendment to the ABL Facility
- Extended the maturity of the facility by one year to October 30, 2019
- Reduced the facility to $\$ 750$ million
- Received covenant modifications
- Closed $\$ 469.8$ million ABS transaction in April of 2017
- Redeemed outstanding 2015-A Class B Notes effective May 15, 2017
- Redeemed outstanding 2016-A Class B and C Notes effective August 15, 2017
(1) Immediately available borrowing capacity (based on prior month borrowing base certificate and is not adjusted for dominion)
(2) Borrowing capacity that could become available upon increases in eligible inventory and customer receivable balances under the borrowing base


## Impact of Tax Reform to Conn's

## Direct Impact to Conn's

- In Q4 of FY18, Conn's will reduce its net deferred tax asset by approximately $\$ 28$ to $\$ 30$ million
- This will result in a one-time, non-cash reduction that will be recorded through the provision for income taxes line item of the income statement and will reduce Q4 of FY18 earnings by between $\$ 0.88$ and $\$ 0.94$ per diluted share
- Beginning in FY19, the Company's effective tax rate will be between $23 \%$ and $25 \%$
- Starting in late FY18, most capital expenditures will be $100 \%$ deductible which will lower Conn's cash taxes
- Anticipate that the bill will have a positive impact on Conn's core customer primarily through the following:
- A reduction in the tax rate of income tax brackets;
- An increase in the standard deduction (to $\$ 12,000$ from $\$ 6,350$ for individuals, and to $\$ 24,000$ from $\$ 12,700$ for married couples); and
- An increase in the child tax credit (doubles the child care tax credit to $\$ 2,000$ per dependent child under age 17)


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